Computing Definitions

Year 5	Word	Definition
Longitude	Respectful	Having or showing respect and being polite.
	Acceptable	Conducting the correct behaviour online.
	Unacceptable	Not displaying the correct behaviour online.
	Report	To officially inform someone else of unacceptable behaviour.
	Moderated	To be able to monitor a website or program for inappropriate or offensive content.
	Minimise risk	To reduce the chance of something happening.
	Illegal	Against the law.
	Download	Being able to take a copy of a file or picture from a website.
	Copyrighted	Something protected by the copyright law.
	Written permission	The permission to do something put down in writing as proof.
	Copyright holder	Is a person who owns the rights to a piece of work.
Autumn	Internet Services	Provides a way for the information to be sent from internet servers to your computer.
	Collecting	Gathering information together.
	Analysing	To look at something in detail to learn more about it.
	Evaluating	When you make a judgement on something looking at the pros and cons.
	Presenting	To show the class your work, for example using PowerPoint.
	Search technologies	A way of searching for information. E.g. different search engines.
	Discerning	Having good judgement on something.
	Efficient	Working in the best way possible to produce the best results.
	Online tool	A way of learning online e.g. through an app or website.

	Offline tool	Tools that you use that are not connected to the internet to modify a document.
Spring	Computer network	A set of computers connected together to be able to share resources. E.g. the internet.
	Manipulate	To control, change, handle or influence information.
	Spreadsheet	A digital document where you input data in row and columns to complete calculations.
	Operators	A command created to cause a change.
	Refine	To make changes to something to improve it.
	Protect	To keep safe from harm or injury.
	Harm	Causing a danger to something or someone.
Summer	Controlling	Having the ability to change something about your device.
	Simulating	Practise and test running your program.
	Physical Systems	Are devices which are controlled such as, motors and sensors etc.
	Decomposing	Breaking down hard problems or parts of the computer system into smaller parts that are more manageable.
	Variables	Something which you can change.
	Input	Information that is put into a computer.
	Output	Information stored on a computer, shown on the monitor or printed from a printer.
	If conditions	Runs a test and results in either a true or false answer, depending on e.g. if numbers above 70 return true and if below return false.
	Rotation	Turning an object to different positions in a circular motion.
	Degrees	A measurement of different angles.
	Screen layers	Serval layers on your monitor that allow the computer to filter objects allowing it to be changed and adapted.
	Events	An action recognised by software on your computer.
	Broadcasting	Playing sound or video to a bigger audience using a form of technology.
	Triggers	Causes a device to function.
	IF THEN ELSE conditions	An if statement is written then tested with a result in mind, if it comes back false then a different result happens.
	Reporter operations	Collect information from a database and find the answer to it (perform a calculation).