History Definitions

Year 5	Word	Definition
Autumn (Ancient Greece)	BC	The time period before Christ.
	AD	Stands for 'anno domini' – the year Jesus was born.
	CE	Stands for Christian Era.
	Time period	A length of time in history before/after a new century.
	Ancient	A period of time that happened a long time ago.
	Source	Where something or someone came from.
	Enquiry	Asking a question or finding out information.
	Perspective	The way a person looks at something and their point of view.
	Evaluate	To review something in depth and come to a conclusion
	Period	Is a length of time between two events.
	Change	A term used to describe the changing of events over time.
	Continuity	Things staying the same or unchanged over time.
	Legacy	Something that is handed down through periods of time (from one member of the family to another).
	Political	Something that relates to the government, politics or how something is run.
	Social	History that concentrates on the social, cultural and economic aspects of peoples lives.
	Cultural	The way people or a group of people chose to live their lives.
	Philosophy	A set of ideas, standards and beliefs that helps to describe someone's thought and feelings.
	Scholars	An educated person in a particular subject such as History.
	Olympic Games	The biggest competition in the sporting world held every four years, originally from ancient Greece.
	Democracy	A system where the public decide who their leader are.

Spring (Islamic Civilisation)	Civilisation	When multiple people come together to form a community.
	Chronologically	When events are in order of time or them happening.
	Evidence	Proof that something has happened.
	Discoveries	When something is found out for the first time.
	Change	A term used to describe the changing of events over time.
	Political	Something that relates to the government, politics or how something is run.
	Religious	Following a certain religion.
	Social	History that concentrates on the social, cultural and economic aspects of people's lives.
	Cultural	The way people or a group of people chose to live their lives
	Ancestors	Our parents, grandparents, great-grandparents etc. (distant relatives).
	Reliability	How accurate something or someone is.
	Hypothesis	An idea in which you can test to find a result.
	Interpretation	Being able to explain the meaning of something in a way in which you/others can understand.
	Analyse	To be able to examine something and explain it in detail
	Critically	To judge something in usually a disapproving manor.
	Islam	Is the country in which the Islamic civilisation live.
	Economic	Looks at the production, distribution, money and wealth of a civilisation.
	Prosperity	Being wealth and having good fortune.
	Arabic	The language spoken by Arabs.
	Theology	*Noun...* The study of gods and religious beliefs.
	Philosophy	A way of thinking about the world and society.
	Science	The process of discovering and explaining the world around us.
	Medicine	The treatment and prevention of disease.
	Mecca	The holiest city for Muslims, the place where Muhammad was born.
	Monotheistic	*Where* a person believes in one god only.
Summer (Equality)	First-hand account	Information collected from someone who was there when an event took place.
	Change	A term used to describe the changing of events over time.

	Eyewitness	A person who has seen something happen with his/her own eyes.
	Primary source	First-hand account of something that has happened. Usually in the form of a diary, certificates, documents, artwork, newspapers etc. . .
	Secondary source	Something that retells the information from a primary source, sometimes many years later. This could be in the form of books, TV programmes, films etc.
	Reliable source	Information from something or someone that has been accurate in the past.
	Era	A long period of time in history.
	Secondary source	Something that retells the information from a primary source, sometimes many years later. This could be in the form of books, TV programmes, films etc.
	Perspective	Seeing an event from a particular point of view.
	Empathy	Being able to understand and consider other people's feelings.
	Political	For anything relating to government.
	Bias	Giving information based on your own opinion that isn't seen as fair.
	Legacy	Leaving something of value behind (money/property) once you have died.
	Trade	Swapping things with other people of equal value.
	Media	Newspapers, magazines, TV treating everyone the same.
	Analyse	To investigate in detail and come to a conclusion about a topic.
	Critically	To judge something in usually a disapproving manor.
	Cause	Something that brings about a result.
	Consequence	A result of something happening whether that be good or bad.
	Similarity	Having something in common with someone else.
	Trends	A general direction in something when multiple things become popular.
	Equality	Being equal to someone or something.
	Rights	Someone has an entitlement to something.
	Equal	Being the same as someone else.
	Apartheid	A policy where people are separated because of their race.
	Suffragettes	A woman protesting for the right to vote.

	Slavery	Someone having to work for someone else without form of payment or reward. (Being a slave).