History Definitions

Year 4	Word	Definition
Autumn (Ancient Egyptians)	Civilisation	The society, culture, and way of life of a particular area
	Era	A long and distant period of time
	Chronology	Events or dates which happen in the correct order they happened in such as a time line
	Source	A place, person or thing where something has originally come from. A starting point.
	Enemies	An enemy is a person or country who is your opponent, or someone or something that is actively against something. You would call someone your enemy if you didn't like that person
	Reasons	a cause, explanation, or justification for an action or event. A reason for your actions
	Perspective	a particular attitude towards or way of regarding something; your own point of view.
	Empathy	Showing empathy is showing concern and compassion about someone else. Showing you care about their feelings. Being empathetic
	Conclusion	A summary, in the end, overall
	Evaluate	To re-cap what has happened. To assess and judge
	Culture	A persons lifestyle, way of life and their traditions as a community/family
	Evidence	Facts and information to see if something is true or not.
	Western tradition	Peoples traditions in the western culture. Their beliefs and way of life.
	Gods/goddesses	A supernatural being who is the object of worship and prayer.
	Pyramids	The Egyptian pyramids are ancient pyramid-shaped masonry structures located in Egypt.

	Government	A group of people who are allowed to say how their country should be run
	Nile River	A river starting in central Africa and flowing north to the Mediterranean Sea, with its delta in Egypt
	Mummies	(especially in ancient Egypt) a body of a human being or animal that has been preserved by removal of the internal organs, treatment with natron and resin, and wrapped in bandages.
	Religion	A religion is what people may or may not believe in. a belief in a god and their rules
	Hieroglyphics	The Egyptians used hieroglyphics as symbols or writing to keep records share information and communicate, just like we do.
Spring (Anglo Saxons and Vikings to 1066)	Invade	To disturb or break into something without being asked or warning anybody. To violate/trespass
	Settle	To rest or stop something that is happening
	Conquest	An act or something you do to get or gain force
	Excavate	To dig to find something. To expose/dig out whatever is found
	Reliable source	A reliable source is a piece of information, person, place or thing which you can go to for a definite answer. It is reliable and correct information
	Conclusion	A summary, what happens in the end, final
	Discovery	A discovery, a finding of something e.g. an object
	Staffordshire hoard	The Staffordshire Hoard is the largest hoard of Anglo-Saxon gold and silver metalwork yet found.
	Anglo Saxons	The Anglo-Saxons were a people who lived in Great Britain from the 5th century. They are people from German tribes who migrated to the England from other parts of Europe. They loved fighting and were very fierce. Their skills included hunting, farming, textile (cloth) production and leather working.
	Vikings	The Vikings were warriors from northern Europe. They attacked many countries and took away much treasure. Their northern European neighbours gave them the name of Viking, which means "pirate.
	Ruled	A person who has ruled the country. Has the power over people and makes the decisions for their country
	Territory	An area of land under the power of a ruler or state.

Summer (Industrial revolution to the Victorians 1760-1850)	Account	A report or description of an event or experience.
	Monarchy	A country that is ruled by a monarch. A monarch is a king or queen. They rule the kingdom. All power
	Parliament	A place where a group of people create the laws for the country and talk about the issues and laws
	Industrial revolution	The fast development of industry that happened in Britain in the late 18th and 19th centuries, brought about by the introduction of machinery. It was characterized by the use of steam power, the growth of factories, and the mass production of manufactured goods. The Industrial Revolution rapidly gained pace during Victoria's reign because of the power of steam
	Viewpoints	A persons opinion or their point of view
	Trends	A fashion, something changing or developing
	Influence	A power to change or effect someone/something without forcing it to happen.
	Innovations	The creation of something in the mind or the act of starting something for the first time; introducing something new
	Wealth	Being rich. Having lots of money and luxuries
	Social injustice	When people find something unfair
	Migration patterns	The patterns of people moving around the world, in order to find work or to live there
	Environmental degradation	The loss of important resources such as oxygen, water and soil. When we change the environment